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ROMANIA OPENS LINE OF CREDIT FOR BRAZIL

Rio de Jameiro JORNAL DO BRASIL in Portuguese 24 May 75 p 15 PY

[Text] Brasilia--Itamaraty yesterday reported the opening by the Romanian Government of lines of credit in the amount of 1.2 billion cruzeiros for the purchase of equipment to be used in the third brazilian steel development plan.

The information was released yesterday in an official communique reporting the conclusion of the third Romanian-Brazilian joint commission meeting and the list of documents to be signed by Romanian President Nicolae Ceausescu during his visit to Brazil 4-6 Jume.

The closing ceremony of the meeting took place last night in Azeredo da Silveira's office. The meeting lasted 3 days and was presided over by the Romanian foreign trade state secretary, Nicolae Ionescu, and by Itamaraty's secretary general, Saraiva Guerreiro.

At the ceremony Azeredo da Silveira said that "he was highly impressed by the quality and the quantity of the documents processed during the meeting."

Nicolae Ionescu will remain in Brazil until the arrival of the Romanian president. Azeredo da Silveira "wished him a pleasant stay in our country."

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The five documents to be signed by the Romanian president in Brazil are the following: a commercial payment and economic agreement dated 5 May 1961; a maritime transportation agreement; a technological exchange agreement for the pharmaceutical sector; a protocol cooperation agreement for the mining sector; and an adjustment agreement between Sidebras and Uzinexportimport.

At the joint commission meeting the Romanian delegation listed the various sectors of the Brazilian economy in whose development the Romanian Government would be willing to cooperate. The sectors are the following: irrigation projects and the fabrication of tractors for the agricultural sector; exploration for certain minerals (the official communique does not give the names of the minerals); the construction of a rolling mill for the steel sector; and others. Trade between Brazil and Romania rose from \$9 million in 1972 to close to \$45 million in 1974.

ALGERIA TO REPRESENT S. VIETNAM IN BRAZIL

Sao Paulo Radio Bandeirantes in Portuguese 1000 GMT 16 May 75 PY

[Text] Algeria will represent the new communist Government of South Vietnam in Brazil.

Tripartite diplomatic negotiations between Brazil, Algeria and Ho Chi Minh, the former city of Saigon, are practically completed.

Itamaraty sources report that the negotiations over the controversial case of the Vietnamese Embassy compound in Brasilia should end within a week.

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OVERNMENT CONFISCATES COMMUNIST RADIO STATION

THE SE AFF in Spanish 1752 CMF 17 May 75 PA

West Santiago, Chile, 27 May--The shares and rights of a radio station association and onlying to the outlawed Chilean Communist Party became the property of the state through the groundigated here today.

the interior Ministry decree, promulated today by the official newspaper, states that the shares and rights of Entidad Radioemisoras Unidas, S.A., have become state property because they were bought illegally with Marxist party funds.

The confiscation affects 12 Communist Party members, in whose name the financial documents best acquired and in whose possession they were found.

A COUNT OF SUPCHER ECONOMIC MEASURES UNDERWAY

Fidria SFE in Spanish 0120 GMT 27 May 75 PY

History chile, 26 May--The military government is studying the application of a second chase of the economic emergency program, which was initiated a month ago, to the difficult situation the country is going through. This situation is reflected by an our lenting inflation, an acute deficit in the balance of payments, a high unemployment rate and shrinking industrial output.

The government junta Press Secretariat reported today that the president of the republic, the Augusto Pinochet, had dedicated the whole weekend to studying a complex of economic than to implement and improve the emergency program.

the new measures will be discussed tomorrow by the government funta. A thorough reform

The amerigency program basically seeks to noticeably diminish the rate of inflation, which all apperts consider to be the main difficulty for the country's economic development.

Inflation reached 94.3 percent during the first 4 months of the year.

CHARLES BANK SCHEDULES CURRENCY CHANGE

described Chile Radio Balmaceda in Spanish 1730 GMT 27 May 75 Py

Educated Pablo Baraona, Central Bank president, and Col (Juan Hernandez), director of the National Mint, announced today that the peso will be the new Chilean currency unit beginning in September and that its value will be calculated on the basis of 1,000 escudos in reso.

reaches a stable level, that is, once the inflation rate has decreased considerably. He stated that September is considered a good opportunity to carry out this change.

G TERNMENT DEVALUES ESCUDO BY OVER 5 PERCENT

estate effects Spanish 1605 GMT 26 May 75 PY

santiago, Chile, 26 May--Chilean monetary authorities today devalued the escudo of the event 5 percent. The new rates of exchange are as follows: broker dollar from the makes and travell, 4,880 escudos per dollar; banking dollar (sed in foreign trade), to requise per dollar. The previous rates of exchange were ,500 and 3,100 escudos the provide by. That is the third devaluation in May.

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TO LEND ASSISTANCE TO COUNTRIES ENROUTE TO DEVELOPMENT. AT A PRESS CONFERENCE CEAUSESCU ADVOCATED THE "DISMANTLING OF THE WARSAW PACT AND NATOR AS A NECESSITY TO CALM THE INTERNATIONAL SITUATION AND GUARANTEE THE SECURITY AND PEACE OF EUROPE AND THE WORLD. HE ALSO EXPRESSED HIS COMPLETE WUPPORT FOR THE "PEOPLES" RIGHT TO BE THE MASTERS OF AND EXPLOIT THEIR NATIONAL RESOURCES WITHOUT OUTSIDE INTERFERENCE . PRESIDENT GEISEL USED THE VISIT AS AN OPPORTUNITY TO REAFFIRM THE BRAZILIAN POLICY OF "ECUMENISMO" AS THE BASIS FOR ITS RELATIONS WITH OTHER NATIONS, THIS LIVE-AND-LET-LIVE POLICY, GEISEL STATED, WAS DEVOID OF HEGEMONIC AMBITION, UPHELD THE RIGHT OF PEOPLE TO SELF-DETERMINATION, BACKED NON-INTERVENTION IN INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF OTHER NATIONS AND AVOIDED INTRACTABLE AUTOMATIC

ALIGNMENTS. THE FURIDICAL EQUALITY OF NATIONS, GEISEL, EMPHASIZED, WA NOT AN ABSTRACT PRINCIPLE BUT A POSITIVE NOTION FOR BRAZIL. 4. THE BILATERAL ACCORDS SIGNED COVERED FIVE MAIN AREAS OF FUTURE INTERCHANGE AND SUPPORT. ROMANIA PLEDGED A \$150 MILLION LINE OF CREDIT TO FINANCE TECHNOLOGY. PROJECT AND EQUIPMENT ACQUISITIONS FOR STAGE III OF THE METALURGY EXPANSION PROGRAMS OF COSIPA, USIMINAS AND COMPANHIA SIDERURGICA NACIONAL (STEEL FIRMS), WITH REPAYMENT TO BE SPREAD OUT OVER A 12-YEAR TERM AT 8 PERCENT. THE TRANSFER OF TECHNOLOGY AS WELL AS THE ADAPTATION OF PRODUCTION METHODS IN THE PHARMACEUTICAL FIELD WERE ALSO AGREED UPON. THE COMMERCIAL AGREEMENT OF MAY 1961 WAS REPLACED BY AN AGREEMENT WHICH GRANTS RECIPROCAL MOST-FAVORED NATION STATUS IN BILATERAL COMMERCIAL RELATIONS. AS10 MILLION LINE OF CREDIT AT THE ROMANIAN FOREIGN COMMERCE BANK WILL ALSO BE AVAILABLE TO BRAZIL. IN THE MINING SECTOR. THE EXCHANGE OF TECHNICAL INFORMATION AND THE PURCHASE OF ROMANIAN EQUIPMENT FOR PETROLEUM RESEARCH AND EXPLORATION WAS AGREED UPON. BRAZIL AND ROMANIA ALSO AGREED THAT THE TRANSPORT OF COMMERCE BETHEEN THE TWO NATIONS WOULD BE EQUALLY SHARED BY NATIONAL FLAG VESSELS. BRAZIL AGREED TO SELL ROMANIA 25 MILLION TONS OF IRON ORE BETWEEN 1976 AND 1985. (SEPTEL FOLLOWS WITH FURTHER DETAILS OF AGREEMENTS.) 5. THE PRESIDENTIAL PARTY ARRIVED IN SAD PAULO ON 6 JUNE AND VISITED THE COMPANHIA SIDERURGICA PAULISTA. AFTER A 45-MINUTE CLOSED MEETING WITH SAO PAULO GOVERNOR PAULO EDIGIO, PRESIDENT CEAUSESCU MET WITH A GROUP OF PAULISTA BUSINESSMEN. THE ENCOUNTER

WAS SCHEDULED TO BE AN EXPOSITION OF GENERAL AND SPECIFIC

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PROBLEMS OF PAULISTA INDUSTRIES AND AN EXPLOATION OF POSSIBLE COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE BETWEEN SAD PAULO BUSINESS AND ROMANIA. HERE, THE GROUP, WHOSE RANKS HAD ACCORDING TO PRESS ACCOUNTS TO BE FILLED OUT BY HASTILY DRAFTED NEWSMEN. WAS ILL PREPARED AND THE MEETING WAS MARKED BY LONG PERIODS OF HEAVY SILENCE. (A FOREIGN MINISTRY OFFICIAL WHO WAS PRESENT TOLD US THAT CEAUSESCU INVITED THE BUSINESSMEN DIRECTLY TO PARTICIPATE IN JOINT VENTURES: THE OFFICIAL ADDED THAT THOSE INTERESTED WILL BE ON THEIR OWN. WITH NO GOB INVOLVEMENT. ALONG THE SAME LINES. A BRAZILIAN CORRESPONDENT REPORTED FROM BUCHAREST THAT THE OFFICE OF FOREIGN COMMERCE FAVORED THE ESTABLISHMENT OF JOINT VENTURES IN BRAZIL AND ROMANIA. THERE WOULD BE OPPORTUNITY NOT ONLY OR STATE DIRMS FUT ALSO PRIVATE ENTERPRISE TO PARTICIPATE. ACCORDING TO THE REPORT, WHICH ADDED THAT THE ROMANIANS WOULD LIKE TO RECEIVE THE PROCEEDS OF THESE VENTURES PARTIALLY IN CASH AND PARTIALLY IN MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS.)

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I A L SECTION 2 OF 2 BRASILIA 4695 COMMENT: WHILE THE VISIT WAS EXTENSIVELY COVERED IN THE PRESS HERE, THE SPIRIT OF THE COVERAGE WAS SUBDUED, WITH CIRTUALLY NO ATTENTION PAID TO THE PERSONALITIES OF ANY OF THE VISITORS, IN GENERAL, THE VISIT WENT OFF OUTWARDLY IN A QUITE NORMAL WAY, DOUBTLESS A REFLECTION AT LEAST IN PART OF THE DETERMINATION O THE GOB, EXPRESSED TO US BY FOREIGN MINISTRY OFFICIALS BEFOREHAND, TO KEEP IT THAT WAY. ACCORDING TO ONE OFFICIAL INVOLVED IN THE VISIT, THE ECONOMIC AND COMMERCIAL ASPECTS WERE AS PREDOMINANT BEHIND THE SECNES AS THEY WERE IN THE PUBLIC COVERAGE, WITH POLITICAL DISCUSSIONS LIMITED TO "GENERALITIES". 7. THERE WERE, HOWEVER, SOME UNTOWARD SPOTS, AND EVEN SOME ROUGH ONES. ONE AWKWARD INCIDENT REPORTED IN THE PRESS WAS THE REFUSAL OF THE RELEVANT CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE TO AUTHORIZE THE USUAL AWARD TO CEAUSESCU DURING HIS PROTOCOLARY VISIT TO THE CONGRESS: ONE ACCOUNT NOTED THAT IN RETALIATION, HIS ADDRESS TO THE ASSEMBLED CONGRESSMEN WAS HEAVY WITH FIGURES, CEAUSESCU AND GEISEL, HOWEVER, DID EXCHANGE THE USUAL DECORATIONS. 8. BEFORE, DURING, AND AFTER THE VISIT WE ENCOUNTERED FOREIGN MINISTRY OFFICIALS IN EMOTIONAL STATES APPROACHING FURY OVER THE ROMANIANS! HANDLING OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS, REPORTEDLY FRAUGHT WITH CONSTANT CHANGES AND OUTRAGEOUS DEMANDS: THESE WERE PARTICULARLY GALLING, SAID ONE OFFICIAL, BECAUSE CEAUSESCU NOT ONLY INVITED HIMSELF BUT INSISTED ON COMING. ANOTHER, CALLING THE ROMANIANS "MORE LATIN THAN WE ARE". SAID TAT ONCE THE OFFICIAL PROGRAM WAS FINALLY SET, THE BRAZILIANS RESPONDED BY ABSOLUTELY REFUSING TO MAKE ANY FURTHER CHANGES. THE PRESENCE IN THE PARTY OF PEOPLE DESIGNATED VARIOUSLY AS A COOK, A HAIR-DRESSER, AND A TAILOR ALSO EVOKED COMMENT, SOME OF IT TAKING THEM AT FACE VALUE: ONE OFFICIAL, HOWEVER, COMPLAINED THAT SINCE THE PRESENCE OF SECURITY AGENTS IN SUCH CASES IS STANDARD INTER-NATIONAL PRACTICE, THE ROMANINS SHOULD HAVE LABELED THEM HONESTLY. 9. ACCORDING TO THESE SAME SOURCES, THE SUBSTANTIVE NEGOTIATIONS Approved For Release 2003/10/22 FCIA-RDP90-00596R000800010005-8

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THE FINAL DELAYS REPORTED IN THE PRESS, HOWEVER, SAID ANOTHER, WERE NOT THE RESULT OF LINGERING DISAGREEMENTS BUT SIMPLY OF THE ROMANIAN BUREAUCRATIC REALITY THAT ONLY CEAUSESCU HIMSELF COULD GRANT APPROVAL ONCE HE ARRIVED. A MINISTRY OFFICIAL INVOLVED IN THE NEGOTIATIONS NOTED TO AN EMBOFF THAT THE BRAZILIANS WERE PLEASED TO GET 12-YEAR REPAYMENT TERMS ON THE CREDIT, A BREAKTHROUGH WHICH THE GOB HAS FOR SOME TIME BEEN SEEKING WITH ITS TRADITIONAL CREDITORS, JUST HOW MUCH OF THE CREDIT WOULD BE USED, HE ADDED, WAS NOTHER MATTER. 10. IN TERMS OF HOW THE VISIT ACTUALLY WENT OFF, SECURITY DID OT APPEAR TO BE A SOURCE OF PARTICULAR WORRY TO ANYONE. IN CONTRAST TO THE INFORMATION IN REFTEL PARA 3 THAT LARGE URBAN CENTERS WOULD BE AVOIDED TO GUARD AGAINST AN UNWELCOME OUTBREAK OF POPULAR SOCIALIST SENTIMENT, CEAUSESCU WENT TO SAO PAULO, BRAZIL'S LARGEST URBAN CENTER: AND IN CONTRAST TO THE IFNROMATION GIVEN US BY A PROTOCOL OFFICER HERE TO THE EFFECT THAT THE REAL CONCERN WAS A DEMONSTRATION BY ANTI-COMMUNIST ROMANIANS, THE OFFICIAL PROGRAM CALLED FOR HIM TO MEET WITH THE ROMANIAN COMMUNITY IN THAT CITY. IN FACTN THE PRESS HERE REPEATEDLY SAID THAT SECURITY FOR THE VISIT WAS LIGHT. 11. WITH SENSITIVITIES IN RIGHT-WING CIRCLES HERE STILL TENDER OVER THE AUGUST 1974 RE-ESTABLISHMENT OF TIES WITH THE PRC. THE GEISEL ADMINISTRATION'S RECEPTION OF CEAUSESCU WAS NOT UNCOURAGEOUS, AND IT IS QUITE POSSIBLE THAT THE BRAZILIAN PRESS! REPEATEDLY EXPRESSED INTEREST IN CEAUSESCU AS A "DIFFERENT COMMUNIST-DEFYING THE SOVIET RULE IN EASTERN EUROPE WAS PARTLY INSPIRED BY THE FOREIGN MINISTRY. CEAUSESCU HIMSELF, HOWEVER, STRICTLY AVOIDED SUCH SUGGESTIONS WHEN THEY WERE MADE TO HIM, EVEN AT THE COST OF APPEARING OBVIOUSLY EVASIVE. HIS REMARK ABOUT THE ELIMINATION OF NATO AND THE WARSAW PACT WAS REPORTED IN THE PRESS BUT EVOKED NO COMMENT HERE REGARDING EITHER ITS SUBSTANCE OR ITS IMPROPRIETY. END COMMENT. CRIMMINS

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QUESTION ABOUT ECHEVERRIA (PARA 6) MAY HAVE BEEN FENDED TO GIVE CEAUSESCU OPPORTUNITY TO COMMENT FAVORA-BLY ON UNOFFICIAL ECHEVERRIA CANDIDACY FOR UN SECRETARY GENERALSHIP, THE SUBJECT OF ATTENTION HERE DURING THE LAST Approved For Release 2003/10/22 CTA-RDP90-00596R000800010005-8

MAY HAVE BEEN A FACTOR AS WELL (SEE MEXICO 4551)

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WEEK, IF SO, CEAUSESCU REFUSED THE BAIT.
C. CEAUSESCU VISIT PRECEDED DURING LAST SIX MONTHS BY VISIT ON MEXICAN PRESIDENCY SECRETARY CERVANTES DEL RIO TO ROMANIA AND FORMIN MACOVESCU HERE LAST NOVEMBER. THOROUGH GROUNDWORK OBVIOUSLY PREPARED WAY FOR UNUSUALLY SUBSTANTIVE CONTENT TO VISIT. D. NEITHER JOINT STATEMENTS REFERS TO ROAMANIAN WISH FOR OBSERVER STATUS AT AUGUST 1975 LIMA MINISTERIAL OF NON-ALIGNED. E. WHEN AMBASSADOR JOVA AND BILL LUERS CALLED UPON PRESIDENT ECHEVERRIA: JUNE 12, THE PRESIDENT COMMENTED THAT HE HAD BEEN IMPRESSED BY ROMANIA'S MENERGETIC SEARCHM FOR INDE-PENDENCE FROM THE USSR. HE AND MRS. ECCHEVERRIA HAD FOUND MRS. CEAUSESCU MOST IMPRESSIVE IN HER COMMAND OF POLITICAL ISSUES AND INFLUENCE ON HER HUSBAND. HE ALSO NOTED THAT THE ROMANIANS HAD URGED MEXICAN FURCHASE OF ROMANIAN TRACTORS: THE MEXICANS AGREED TO TRY OUT A FEW. F, IN A LATER CALL, UNDER SECRETARY FOR FOREIGN RELATIONS GALLASTEGUI SAID THAT MEXICO HAD A FEW ROMANIAN TRACTORS BUT HE DOUBTED THAT THEY WOULD BUY MORE SINCE HE UNDERSTOOD THAT MAINTENANCE AND SPARE PARTS CREATED SERIOUS PROBLEMS FOR OTHERS WHO HAVE PURCHASED THE TRACTORS, GALLASTEGUI ALSO SAID ROMANIANS WERE THE "TOUGHEST AND MOST DEVIOUS" NEW GOTIATORS HE HAD EVER ENCOUTERED. NEGOTIATIONS HAD CAUSED MORE FRUSTRATION THAN CONTACT WITH THE SOVIETS, GALLASTEGUI ALSO NOTED THAT THE ROMANIANS HAD PUSHED FOR "COMPLETE SUPPORT" FOR ALL ROMANIAN POLICIES.

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On the contrary, it is necessary for all governments, all chiefs of state and all politicians to understand the requirements of life in order to meet the great responsibility and historic transformations that are taking place in the life of society, transformations to which they should contribute with complete conviction because achieving a better and more just world, a free life of well-being and happiness for each people is an objective requirement of mankind's sociopolitical development. I believe that it is the duty of each of us to do everything to meet the new requirements in order to serve one's people, civilization and peace.

Once again I want to express my satisfaction at the close cooperation that is developing between Romania and Brazil both at a bilateral level and in the international arena, at the joint efforts aimed at strengthening the United Nations and other international organizations and at the achievement of the peoples! aspirations for creating a new international economic order, a world of fruitful cooperation among all nations.

I want to express my conviction that, in the spirit of the sound relations between our peoples and between the Romanian and Brazilian jurists, relations of close cooperation will develop between us.

In conclusion, once again, I want to wish the friendly Brazilian people increasingly great successes along the road to well-being, happiness and peace.

Let friendship and cooperation between the Romanian and Brazilian people flourish constantly, let peace and cooperation among peoples triumph. (applause)

Agreements Concluded

Bucharest Scinfela in Romanian 7 Jun 75 p 4 AU

[Text] During President Nicolae Ceausescu's and Comrade Elena Ceausescu's official visit to Brazil, Comrades Cheorghe Oprea, first deputy prime minister of the government; Nicolae Ionescu, minister secretary of state at the Ministry of Foreign Trade and international economic cooperation; Vasile Pungan and Nicolae Doicaru, presidential advisers had working meetings with Brazilian Ministers Dyroeu Araujo Nogueira (transporation), Severo Fagundes Gomes (industry and commerce), and Shigeaki Ueki (mines and energy), and with other representatives of economic and business circles.

On this occasion, they concluded agreements and contracts on developing bilateral commerce and cooperation in the following fields; tractor parts, construction equipment, drilling equipment and installations for the petrochemical industry, installations for mining exploration and exploitation, cement equipment, machine-tools and other products of the machine-building, metallurgical and chemical industries.

List of Agreements

Bucharest Scintela in Romanian 6 Jun 75 p 1,2 AU

[List of agreements signed between Romania and Brazil during President Nicolae Ceausescu's visit to Brasilia from 4-7 June]

[Excerpt] In the presence of President Nicolae Ceausesou and President Ernest Geisel, the following documents were signed:

The concept according to which man's way of life and thus peoples! ways of life influences their thought, ideas, their manner of actions; the concept of interdependence between the production forces, work and living conditions on the one hand, and social relations and the idea about the world of the peoples generally is almost unanimously accepted. The great achievements of science and knowledge, the tremendous changes that are taking place in the peoples! lives demonstrate at an international level, too, this interdependence and mutual influence, the decisive role played by the people and peoples in achieving all the revolutionary transformations that are taking place in the world.

Indeed, there were also skeptical and distrustful people as there are people today who want to stop mankind's development proceeding from the idea of the eternal nature of certain states of affair, Life and events, however, contradict them, one could say, day by day, hour by hour. Are the past empires that dominated Romania and Brazil, as well as other scores of peoples, not considered eternal since today they are mentioned only in historical works?

In our time we can witness how peoples are overthrowing through struggles the old relations of inequality and oppression, eliminating colonialism, the imperialist policy of force and diktat and neocolonialism and how they are creating new relations of cooperation based on equality and respect among states and nations.

This also requires the revision of the old norms of justice and international law, the creation of new concepts that will govern relations among states and nations based on full equal rights, respect for national independence and sovereignty, non-interference in internal affairs, remunciation of force or the threat of force in interstate disputes, mutual advantage, as well as on the respect for each people's right to master its national riches and its destiny.

As is known, until only recently there were people--and unfortunately there are still such people--who tried to praise the old norms and principles of inequality in

It is this very policy that contributed to the maintenance of almost two-thirds of mankind in conditions of underdevelopment and to the division of the world into rich and poor countries. More than ever it is necessary to achieve a new international economic order that will open up the read to eliminating underdevelopment and to the rapid progress of each nation, a road that will permit the access of all to the achievements of world science and culture. We must constantly proceed from the concept that each people, regardless of size or social system, must equally and freely enjoy the advantages of civilization.

Achieving a new economic order also requires a new political order, new norms of international justice that will establish the higher principles of respect for the right of the nations and peoples to master their destinies and to erganize their lives in keeping with their own aspirations. Such a concept of international law will open up the road to fruitful deoperation among all peoples in all fields of activity. One can state that once all peoples have won complete independence, once a better and more just world is achieved, a world in which people will be truly free, they will be able to consciously shape their lives.

This will be a new and greater era, it will be an era of true social justice and equity.

Undoubtedly the deep revolutionary changes that have occurred in today's society, in the present-day world and in the peoples! awareness open up excellent prospects for a system of well-being and happiness. There is no reason for anyone to fear these prespects that epen up a new era of the flourishing of the civilization of man [paragraph captioned] For Release 2003/10/22: CIA-RDP90-00596R000800010005-8

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--Agreement on cooperation in the iron and steel industry by credit deliveries;
--Agreement on exchange of technology in the field of the pharmaceutical
industry;

--Agreement on trade exchanges, payments and economic cooperation;
The agreements were signed by Cheorghe Oprea and Antonio Azeredo da Silvetra.

--Agreement on sea transportation that was signed by George Macovescu and Antonio Azeredo da Silveira;

--Protocol on cooperation in the mining field, signed by Nicolae Ionescu and Shigeaki Ueki, minister of mines and energy;

--Contract on the delivery of Brazilian iron ore to Romania, signed by Dorin Dinescu, general manager of "mineralimport-export," and Fernando Antonio Roquette, president of "Val do Rio Dolce" company.

After the documents were signed, the two chiefs of state shook hands warmly for a long time and congratulated each other.

President Ernesto Geisel and President Nicolae Ceausescu exchanged speeches.

COMMUNIQUE ON CEAUSESCU VISIT TO BRAZIL

[Bucharest AGERPRES in English 0921 GMT 7 Jun 75 ID

[Communique on Romanian president's visit to Brazil--AGERPRES heading]

[Text] Brasilia (AGERPRES) 7/6/1975--Over 4-7 June 1975, President Nicolae Ceausescu of the Socialist Republic of Romania and Mrs Elena Ceausescu paid an official visit of friendship to Brazil at the invitation of Mr Ernesto Geisel, president of the Federative Republic of Brazil and of Mrs Ducy Markus Geisel.

During his Brazilian visit, President Nicolae Ceausescu and the officials on this suit visited Brasilia, that country's capital, and the city of Sao Paulo where they were guests of Mr Paulo Egydio Martins, governor of that state. In Sao Paulo, the Romanian head of state visited important industrial centres and had contacts with representatives of economic circles and of the Romanian colony.

In Brasilia, the Romanian president called at the National Congress convened in a solemn session. At the same time, the Romanian head of state went to the Supreme Federal Tribunal, being greeted in a plenum session. On these occasions, President Ricolae Ceausescu delivered speeches answering the welcoming addresses made by the representatives of the national Congress and the Supreme Federal Tribunal.

President Nicolae Ceausescu and President Ernesto Geisel had official talks which passed in an atmosphere of cordiality, friendship and mutual esteem. During the talks, the two heads of state made a thorough examination-Brazilian relations, establishing corresponding targets and measures for their continual development based on mutual advantage.

At the same time, the two presidents informed each other on the two countries! present development stage and exchanged views in connection with the current international situation noting the existence of common positions on a great many problems.

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After those talks, President Nicolae Ceausescu and President Ernesto Geisel signed a joint solemn declaration listing the similar viewpoints of their countries' stand at a political, economic and juridical level as regards both the objectives of bilateral relations and the perspective of international relations, the evolution of the developing countries in the context of the present world economic situation in particular.

Attending the official talks for Romania were Deputy Prime Minister Cheorghe Oprea, Dumitru Popescu, chairman of the council for socialist culture and education; foreign minister George Macovescu; Nicolae Doicaru, presidential adviser; Vasile Pungan, presidential adverser; Nicolae Ionescu, minister-secretary of state, the ministry of foreign trade and international economic cooperation; Nicolae Ghenea, ambassador of the Socialist Republic of Romania to Brazil; and for Brazil Helcio Tavares, head of the transport and communications department, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs; ommander Luis Joaquim Campos Alhanati, general national director of the merchant fleet, the Ministry of Transport; Igor Torres Carrilho, counsellor, the European direction No 2, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs; Carlos Miranda da Faria, of the Brasilleira iron and steel corporation.

The distinguished guests were extended a cordial and amiable reception by the Brazilian Government and people, an expression of the traditional relations of friendship in existence between Romania and Brazil and of the language and cultural affinities between the two peoples.

President Ernesto Geisel awarded President Nicolae Ceausescu the high distinction of the Cruzeiro do Sul National Order. The Romanian head of state awarded in his turn the Brazilian president the Order the Star of the Socialist Republic of Romania, First Class.

President Nicolae Ceausescu thanked President Ernesto Geisel for the cordial reception he, Elena Ceausescu and his associates enjoyed from the Brazilian people and government throughout his visit. The Romanian head of state invited President Ernesto Geisel to pay together with Mrs Lucy Markus Geisel an official visit of friendship to the Socialist Republic of Romania.

President Ernesto Geisel made known to President Nicolae Ceausescu his satisfaction at the first visit to Brazil by a Romanian head of state and the particular pleasure he accepts with the invitation to visit Romania. The date of the visit is to be subsequently established by diplomatic channels.

GROUP RETURNS FROM PRAGUE WARSAW PACT MEETING

Bucharest SCINTEIA in Romanian 7 Jun 75 P 5 AU

[Text] The delegation of the Socialist Unity Front [SUF] led by Tamara Dobrin, deputy chairman of SUF National Council, which stended a meeting of representatives of public opinion of the Warsaw Pact member states pegged to the 20th anniversary of this pact, returned on Friday from Prague.

The delegation included representatives of the trade unions, youth and women organizations, of village working people, writers, journalists and other representatives of Romanian public opinion.

At Otopeni Airport the delegation was met by Eugen Jebeleanu, vice chairman of SUF National Council, aktivists of mass and civic organizations and of the SUF.

Also present were members of the CSSR Embassy in Ducharest.

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Romania, the speaker recalled, develops intensely her industry, agriculture, all compartments of activity. The growth rate of industrial output was in recent years, for instance 14 per cent.

Highlighting that Romania broadly promotes the relations of international cooperation not only under the form of economic or commercial exhcanges, but also of cooperation in production, inclusive of the setting up of joint companies, President Nicolae Ceausescu pointed out that such companies operate both in Romania and with Romanian participation in foreign countries. As to those carrying on activity in Romania, the Romanian state holds 51 per cent of their capital, while those which Romania sets up in other countries operate upon the same principle, the respective state holding 51 per cent evidently in keeping with the understanding reached.

Romania actively participates in tens of cooperation ventures with other countries-including joint companies--in oil, mining, as well as in cooperation under the form of technical assistance.

Referring to the understanding reached with Brazil, the Romanian head of state emphasized the prospects of a broader cooperation in the domain of transport means, collaboration in the iron-and-steel and metallurgical industries. "In this connection, the Romanian head of state specified, agreement was reached on the opening of a credit of 150 million dollars (for Brazil). An agreement was concluded on the import from Brazil, in the next 10 years, of 25 million tons of 17on ore. We have appreciated together with President Geisel, the speaker went on, that all this should offer the possibility that direct contacts, a broader exchange of delegations for a better mutual acquaintance, materialization and development of cooperation, should exist between the leaders of the enterprises in Brazil and the enterprises or state economic compartments in Romania.

"Taking account of the fact that both Romania and Brazil are still developing countries, that they develop rapidly, the mutually-advantageous collaboration can be greatly expanded", President Nicolae Ceausescu opined.

Stressing that "The difference of social system is not an obstacle in the path of cooperation when one sets out from equality of rights and mutual respect", President Nicolae Ceausescu pointed out that, on this basis, he appreciated together with president Geisel that in the next 2-3 years, the economic exchanges between Romania and Brazil can increase several times.

The meeting of President Nicolae Ceasusecu with representatives of Sac Paulo economic and business circles proceeded in a cordial ambience of mutual understanding.

Departure for Rio de Janeiro

Bucharest Domestic Service in Romanian 1100 GMT 7 Jun 75 AU

[Excerpt] Last night, President Nicolae Ceausescu, Comrade Elena Ceausescu and the other persons accompanying them, left Sao Paulo for Rio de Janeiro on a special plane. At Sao Paulo airport the distinguished Romanian guests were warmly seen off by Governor Egidio Martins and his wife, and other local civilian and military officials.

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Joint Declaration

Bucharest SCIENTEIA in Romanian 6 Jun 75 pp 1,2 AU

[Text of Romanian-Brazilian joint solemn declaration on President Nicolae Ceausecu's visit to Brazil, signed in Brasilia on 5 June]

[Text] The president of the Socialist Republic of Romania and the president of the Federative Republic of Brazil,

meeting in a cordial, constructive and friendly atmosphere, which characterizes the relations based on mutual esteem and respect established between the Romanian and Brazilian peoples,

in the desire to further consolidate their bilateral relations based on the principles of international law and justice,

conscious of the fact that affinities of language and culture facilitate understanding and rapprochement between the Romanian and Brazilian peoples and between the governments of the two countries,

convinced that mutual respect and trust in relations among nations and in fulfilling international obligations constitute the basis of lasting friendship among all peoples and states, and in consequence, one of the fundamental conditions for safeguarding international peace and security.

On behalf of their countries, Solemnly declare:

- I. The two presidents reassert their attachment to the basic principles of international law, principles which Romania and Brazil are determined to place at the basis of their bilateral relations and relations with other states, and which guarantee stable and mutually advantageous relations for all nations, at the service of peace and development, and stress the following principles in particular:
- 1. each state's right to existence, freedom, and national independence and sovereignty;
- 2. each people's inalienable right to freely choose and develop its political, economic, and social system, in keeping with their own interests and without any outside interference;
- 3. each state's right to decide on its natural resources on a free and sovereign basis, in promoting its socioeconomic development and the prosperity of its own people, without any obstacle from outside;
- 4. full equality of rights among all states, regardless of size, population, level of development, or political, economic and social system;
- 5. each state's right to equally participate in examining and solving international problems of common interest;
- 6. each state's right to establish mutually advantageous cooperation with other states, in all fields of common interest;
- 7. the right and obligation of all states, regardless of their political and social system, to contribute to establishing international peace and security and to promoting the socioeconomic progress of all countries, and particularly that of the developing countries;
- 8. the states obligation of all states not to intervene, in any way and under any pretext, in the ARPFOVE TOTAL COSTON OF THE LEGISLE TOTAL CO

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Department of State Rio de Janeiro(5) São Paulo, Moscow JAT T Amembussy, BRASILIA 120137 N A EEWT, BR, UR 1 4 3 5 1 Trade Agreement Between Brazil rad the SSR for the Soviet Machinery and Equipment to Ector to Br 2114 Commodities. REF: Brazilian and Seviet officials met in a section enry part of March 1975 to discuss the eres : ment covering the sale of Soviet machine of to exchange for Brazilian commodities. The ger three years and stip lates that Be one, at of the parchases will be summactured and post and factured a enclosed is an tiberal translation of the ext of the agreement as it opped red in the Brazilian Official D (Diario Oficial) following signature in the thir on the 24, 1975. Encl. as stated ್ಕಾರ ಘಟ್ CC . JDexter_

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BRAZIL-USSR Accord for the Provision of Machinery and Equipment from the USSR to Brazil and for Brazilian Commodities to the USSR.

The Government of the Federal Republic of Brazil and the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, desiring to promote, increase and diversify the commercial trade between the two countries, and complimenting the "Agreement on Commerce and Payments between the United States of Brazil and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics", of April 20, 1963, have agreed upon the following:

Article One

The Brazilian organizations, both public and private (hereafter referred to as Purchasers), will buy from the Soviet Union and from the foreign commerce Soviet organizations (hereafter referred to as Sellers) who will sell a the Brazilian organizations, under term payment conditions, machinery and equipment of various types.

The contracts may include services related to the technical improvement of projects, and studies of construction techniques, and these additional conditions will be financed under the same term payment coaditions.

The sales and purchases of machinery and equipment, as well as the technical assistance, will be concluded within a period of three years beginning on the date that this agreement is signed. During this period of time, the signatories, when they feel it necessary, will examine the results of this agreement based upon the experience gained from this agreement.

Article Two

The Sellers will grant the Purchasers, under the conditions of this agreement, term payments for a period of up to ten years, at a rate of 4.5 percent per year for contracts with Brazilian government organizations, and at a rate of 5 percent per year for contracts with private Brazilian organizations.

To guarantee payments resulting from contracts, including interest payments, the Purchasers are obligated to present the Sellers, within 60 days from the date of entering into a contractural agreement, with a guarantee of payment note from the Bank of Brazil (Banco do Brasil, S/A), directly assuming responsibility or acting as an agent of the National Treasury.

Article Three

The payments related to the machinery and equipment sold in accord with this agreement will be made either in dollars (US), or other currencies which are freely convertible, according to the following terms:

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- b) 10 percent of the value of each separate shipment is to be paid upon presentation of certification from the shipper that the shipment is "on board".
- c) the remaining \$5 percent of the total value of each separate shipment will be paid in equal and consecutive semester installments numbering no more than 17, with the first installment being paid no later than 24 months after delivery of the machinery and equipment. It is understood that this 24 month period will be included as part of the financing period established for each contract.

Artic Four

The interest terms mentioned in Article Two will begin on the date of delivery of the machinery and equipment, and will be paid simultaneously with the payments of the remaining principle due on the contract.

Article Five

The payments and receipts of money resulting from contracts based upon this agreement will be effected, on the part of the Soviet Union, by the Bank of External Commerce of the USSE, and on the Brazilian part, by the Bank of Brazil, acting as the administrator of credit under the terms of this agreement.

Article Six

The Soviet exterior commerce organizations will use the funds obtained from the sales of machines and equipment under the terms of this agreement to purchase Brazilian commodities, 30 percent of which will be manufactured and semimanufactured goods.

Article Seven

In the contracts for providing Soviet machinery and equipment and for providing Brazilian commodities, both parties will mention that these contracts were concluded on the basis of this agreement.

Article Eight

Both governments will take all necessary measures to facilitate the conclusion and realization of contracts based upon this agreement.

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Article M.

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Article Tem

The present agreement will enter into effect on the date it is stand and will remain in effect until all obligations have been fulfilled by both parties. (Conges note: see also Article One, paragraph three).

Signed in the city of Brasilia, on the \$4th of March, 1975, in two copies, one in Portuguese and one in Russian, both being equally valid.

For the Government of the Federal Republic of Brazil (signed) Antonio F. Azeredo da Bilveira,
Minister of Foreign Relations

For the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics - (signed) Aleksel N. Manjulo
Vice-Minister of External Commerce

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"The principal financial instrument between the two countries, which is responsible for the dynamic development during this period of time, is the Silveira-Manzhulo Accord of March 1975, through which the Soviet Union opens up an unlimited line of credit for the procurement of machinery and equipment in that country, pledging to use the funds thus obtained for the purpose of purchasing Brazilian commodities including 30 percent finished and semi-finished goods.

ey.

"The development of trade between Brazil and the USSR not only corresponds to the existing trade potential but was also stimulated by the Brazilian Government to the extent that it fits within the 'Instructions for the Management of Imports and the Support of Exports,' issued by the CDE [expansion unknown] on 19 November 1974, which mentions the possibility of using the purchasing potential on certain supplier markets as an element in support of national exports."

5058 CSO: 3001

BRAZIL

ITALIAN COOPERATION IN TELECOMMUNICATIONS SECTOR REPORTED

Sao Paulo O ESTADO DE SAO PAULO in Portuguese 7 Apr 76 p 12

[Text] Brazil and Italy will be able to develop a broad program of technological and scientific cooperation in the telecommunications sector, as was confirmed between ministers Quandt de Oliveira and Giulio Orlando during meetings held over the past two days. The commercial agreement in this field has already begun to yield results, with Brazil getting a loan of \$30 million from the Italian Government; this money will be used to procure telecommunications equipment intended for the Brazilian system.

Yesterday, the two ministers met to present the conclusions of their agreements which can be summarized as follows: development of industrial cooperation in the field of technology and equipment for telecommunications, including the industrial activities of Italian or Italian-Brazilian enterprises located in Brazil; supply, by Italy, of new special loans for the financing of equipment for Brazil; and link between Brazil and Italy through the international direct dialing system, introduction of facsimile services and data transmission between the two countries.

As Senator Giulio Orlando, Italian minister of postal affairs and telecommunications, explained, cooperation between the two countries "is a new type of understanding which goes beyond simple commercial interests"; he recalled that during his meeting with Minister Reis Velloso, the latter pointed out that the two countries are developing digital electronic technology with the idea of centralizing the telecommunications system of each country; and they can collaborate in the development of their respective industrial projects.

More Exchange

In the minutes of the meeting between the ministers, Quandt de Oliveira proved to be satisfied with the industrial activities of the Italian enterprises which are established in this sector in Brazil: Pirelli, Olivetti of Brazil, Auso Eletronica, and Telecomunicacoes Ltda., Telettra do Brasil SA, Sielte and Sirtel—Company for the Installation of Telecommunications and Electrical Networks, Incorporated.

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GROUP ALSO MET OFFICIALS OF COMMERCIAL BANKS. RECEPTIONS WERE GIVEN BY FINANCIAL LEADERS OF THE HOST GOVERNMENTS AND BY THE PRC EMBASSIES IN EACH COUNTRY. POSSIBLE UNDER DISCUSSION DURING THESE VISITS WERE THE FINANCIAL BASIS OF PRC AID AND TRADE EXCHANGES WITH THESE COUNTRIES. WITH CONSTRUCTION OF THE TAN-ZAM RAILROAD NEARING COMPLETION, THE CHANGE IN THE ECONOMIC RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THESE TWO COUNTRIES AND THE PRC MAY REQUIRE REVISION OF FINANCIAL RELATIONSHIPS ESPECIALLY AS THE PRO LOANS WILL START TO BE REPAID. IN SOMALIA PRC AID PROJECTS, PRIMARILY ROAD CONSTRUCT TION, ARE ALSO UNDER CONSTRUCTION UNDER THE TERMS OF A 1971 PRC CREDIT OF US\$ 109 MILLION. THE LOCAL COSTS OF PRC AID PROJECTS ARE USUALLY FUNDED BY SALE OF PRO GOODS. ANOTHER FINANCIAL DELEGATION TO AFRICA WAS SENT BY THE PEOPLE'S INSURANCE COMPANY TO OBSERVE THE FOURTH AFRICAN INSURANCE CONFERENCE IN LAGOS, NIGERIA (NONA AUG 2). TWENTY-EIGHT NATIONS WERE REPRESENTED AT THE CONFERENCE WHICH DISCUSSED THE DEVELOPMENT OF INSURANCE IN AFRICA. OTHER INSURANCE DELEGATION EXCHANGES OCCURRING RECENTLY INCLUDED A VISIT BY A PEOPLE'S INSURANCE COMPANY DELE-GATION TO NORTH KOREA IN MAY WHICH VISITED SEVERAL PORT CITIES AND WAS RECIVED BY PREMIER KIM IL SUNG (NONA MAY 13). A NORTH VIETNAM INSURANCE DELEGATION LED BY A VM OF FINANCE VISITED PEKING IN JULY AND HAD TALKS WITH V.M. FINANCE CHEN HSI-YU AND LI HSIEN-NIEN, (NCNA JULY 11, JULY 12). LATER IN THE MONTH A PAKISTAN INSURANCE CORPORATION DELEGATION SPENT A WEEK IN PEKING AND HAD BUSINESS TALKS WITH OFFICIALS OF THE PEOPLE'S INSURANCE CO. OF CHINA (NCNA JULY 28), AS PRC TRADE AND AID CONTINUES TO GROW, INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL RELATIONSHIPS NEED TO BE DEVELOPED CONCOMITANTLY. UNCLASSIFIED 11. PRC GIVES GRATIS AID TO CAMBODIA PEKING FORMALIZED ITS CONTINUED ECONOMIC AID TO CAMBODIA WITH THE ECONOMIC AND TECHNICAL COOPERATION AGREEMENT SIGNED IN PEKING AUGUST 18 BY VP TENG HSIAD-PENG AND KHIEU SAMPHAN (NCNA). BEFITTING CAMBODIA'S PRESENT ECONOMIC CONDITION. THE AID WILL BE UNDONDITIONAL AND GRATIS. AS USUAL NO DETAILS WERE RELEASED, THOUGH KHIEU SAMPHAN SEEMED PLEASED WITH WHAT HEADOPOVEREFOR TRESPECTIONS ADVICE REPROPOSITIONS OF TRESPECTIONS OF THE PROPOSITION OF THE PROPOS AND REFERRED TO THE AGREEMENT AS THE "HAPPY OUTCOME" OF HIS SECRET

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COSTA RICA

FIGUERES CALLS FOR INSTITUTIONAL REFORMS

Panama City ACAN in Spanish 0053 GMT 12 Jun 75 PA--FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

[Transmitted by PRELA to Havana]

[Text] San Jose, Costa Rica, 11 Jun-Former President Jose Figueres has called for a profound national institutional reform and a period of strong, although not tyranical, rule in order to bring it about. This has caused quite a stir in Costa Rican political circles. The former president—who is still a strong political force both inside and outside the government—spoke at the University of Costa Rica before dozens of students and called for a more just regime which would bring a third of Costa Rica's population out of their misery. He declared that the incumbent constitutional regime is an impediment which must disappear, suggesting a period of strong rule which would be mindful of certain freedoms and willing to make profound juridical, institutional, and economic changes and later call a constituent assembly to provide the nation with a political charter which differs from the present one.

Figueres' remarks have generated great interest and already yesterday the incumbent president, Daniel Oduber, and two of his intimate coworkers, the ministers of the presidency and foreign affairs, Carlos Manuel Castillo and Gonzalo Justo Facio, conferred with the former president about this.

Today in the Journal [word indistinct] Figueres announced an expansion of his ideas which Minister Castillo termed "interesting."

The government is not commenting on Figueres' ideas although it is following the reaction with obvious attention. It is well known that in the political circles in favor of and opposed to the government, the former president's stand is followed closely.

It was known that Figueres privately favored calling a constituent assembly to draft a new political charter, but his remarks had not gone so far as the concepts he stated at the University of Costa Rica nor had they gained such publicity.

ECUADOR

BRAZILIAN MILITARY MISSION--Quito, 13 Jun--A large delegation from the Superior War School of Brazil has arrived here today on an official 4-day visit as part of a tour through several countries of the continent. The mission, headed by Orlando de Araujo Motta, will be received by President Gen Guillermo Rodriguez Lara and the defense and foreign ministers. [Quito PRELA in Spanish to PRELA Havana 2245 GMT 12 Jun 75 PA]--FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

CZECHOSLOVAK CREDITS--Quito, 9 Jun--A Czechoslovak mission arrived here today to finalize the details for a \$4 million loan to Ecuador. The mission will stay in Ecuador 3 days and will meet with spokesmen from the development bank and the Agriculture Ministry. [Quito PRELA in Spanish to PRELA Havana 2352 GMT 9 Jun 75 PA]-- FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

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ут. 13 ж рргоved For Release 2003/10/22: CIA-RDP90-00596R000800010005-8 AMERICA

VELASQUISTA OFFICIAL SENTENCED--Quito, 10 Jun--An Ecuadorean military court has sentenced former Velasquista government official Alfonso Arroyo Robelly to 3 years' imprisonment for misuse of public funds. The court said that Arroyo Robelly was not authorized to transfer funds from a community to a municipality. [Quito PRELA in Spanish to PRELA Havana 1520 GMT 10 Jun 75 PA]--FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

MEX TCO

ECHEVERRIA URGES PRESS INDEPENDENCE OF 'OLIGARCHIES'

Mexico City PRELA in Spanish to PRELA Havana 1442 GMT 8 Jun 75 PA--FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

[Text] Mexico City, 8 Jun--Mexican President Luis Echeverria Alvarez strongly urged all newspaper editors in the country to remain independent of oligarchic groups. Yesterday, Echeverria was the guest of honor at the annual dinner held on freedom of the press day.

In his message to Mexican newspapermen, the chief executive assured his government's absolute respect for freedom of the press and expression "without restrictions." "Freedom of the press," he said, "is a social right, not a privilege of the oligarchic groups."

Echeverria noted that "even the inconveniences caused the administration as a result of the misuse of freedoms are preferable to suppressing such freedoms in order to gain ostensible advantages in the way of any official inflexibility."

Me called on Mexican newsmen to defend their country's sovereignty and economic independence, preserve its cultural patrimony, respect public opinion, and live up to the weighty responsibilities of their profession. He then strongly urged them to remain independent "not only of public power, but most importantly of the powerful economic interests which usually influence the orientation and emphasis of the information media."

Speaking for all the journalists, Antonio Andere, director of the newspaper LA AFICION, affilmed that freedom of the press must be "an active principle in the quest for justice which is unavoidable, unpostponable and the quest for justice which is unavoidable, unpostponable and vital."

BRIEFS

L.A. PAPER GROUP'S FORMATION--Mexico City, 7 Jun--The Latin American Paper Industry Confederation [CIPIA] has been officially created in this capital. Argentina, Brazil Colombia, Chile, Peru, Venezuela and Mexico, which are considered the principal paper and cellulose producers in the region, are represented in the new organization. [Havana PRELA in Spanish 2331 GMT 7 Jun 75 PA]--FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

PA NAMA

ASYLUM GRANTED TO TWO NICARAGUAN SANDINISTS

Panama City PRELA in Spanish to PRELA Havana 2106 GMT 11 Jun 75 PA--FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

Text] Panama City, 11 Jun -- The Panamanian Government has granted political asylum to alleged members of the Sandinista National Liberation Front (FSLN) who requested it at the Panamanian Embassy in Managua.

(continued on back pages of Annex)

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MOSER IN TEHERAN

Last summer, the Hilton hotel in Teheran Last summer, the Hillon note! In Teheran received a consignment of Moser glassware consisting of 850 red and white wine glasses, champagne glasses, and glasses for liqueurs and water of the classical Copenhagen pattern. The glasses are provided with gold edging and engraved gilded initials of the hotel.

CHANDELIERS FOR PANAMA

A unique order from abroad was executed by Lustry at Kamenický Šenov this year. This order, comprising 5 lighting fixtures, of which the two largest are chandeliers, has been received from the Republic of Panama. Each chandelier consists of 330 metallic parts and 2,600 cast rings. For the construction of each, 5,200 crystal glass trinmings have been used. The chandeliers have 140 bulbs, have a size of 260 cm, and are 530 kg in weight. CEMENT WORKS FOR TEHERAN

During 1976 and 1977, Pragoinvest Foreign Trade Organization will deliver to Iran cement works equipment with a capacity of 2,000 tons per day, under a contract signed in Teheran by representatives of Pragoinvest. The contract, worth 240 million crowns, is one of the biggest ever to have been concluded by Pragoinvest. The producer of the technological part of the equipment is the Přerovské strofrny engineering works, and the construction project as well as supervision will be effected by Konstruktiva National Corporation.

The cement works will be built near the Iranian capital and will be provided with the most up-to-date equipment. The cement works exported by Pragoinvest are equipped with an aggregate and a counter-current dispersion ex-changer, a patent of the Přerovské strojírny engineering works awarded a gold medal at the International Engineering

Fair in Brno in 1974 for its technical design. The new cement works for Iran is one in a series of big coment works exported by Pragoinvost to various countries, including Brazil, Yugoslavia and the Hungarian People's Republic.

FORTY-THREE MILLION PAIRS OF SVIT SHOES THIS YEAR

The Svit Works of Gottwaldov produced the first 80 thousand pairs of shoes of the new Confit material. This material results in high labour efficiency, being suitable, for example, for fancy stitch-ing. This year Sylt workers will use this material for women's summer sandals.

CZECH CARPS FOR EXPORT

In March alone, south Bohemian fish breeders working for the State Fisheries at Třeboň, Hluboká, Jindřichův Hradec,

of carp to the Federal Republic many and 130 quintals to Austria.

GIANT SHIP FOR SOVIET UNION

The first in a series of giant OL 400 passenger ships for river and lake transport to be exported to the Soviet Union is nearing completion in the Slovak Shipyards at Komárno. The vessol is the largest and the most complicated type of ship to be built in Czechoslovak shipyards. It has three decks and a most up to-date radio navigation system. It is 136 metres long, 17 metres wide and 16 metres high. Its three engines, with an aggregate output of 3,000 HP, can travel at a speed of 26 kilometres an hour. It has a special rudder system, which guides the ship automatically to its destination on cruises on big lakes. Foreign firms have participated in the construction of the ship with deliveries of various equipment. The main engines and the rapid navigation system have been supplied by the Soviet Union, the air-conditioning system by Poland, the port-holes by the GDR and part of the galley equipment and the electrical engineering system by Hungary. The ship, bearing the name of Valerian Kuybishev, will leave the docks by the end of this year. By 1980, the Slovak the end of this year, by 1930, the Slovak Shipyards at Komárno will have built nine vessels of this type for the Soviet Union.

NEW AGREEMENT WITH TANZANIA

A new agreement on economic coopers tion between Czechoslovakia and Tanza nia was signed in Dar-es-Salaam at the beginning of April by Deputy Minister of Foreign Trade, Jaroslav Jakubac and Tanzania's Deputy Minister of Trade and Industry, C. M. Mzindakaya. Under the organiz agreement, Czechoslovakia will grant Tanzania a credit of 14 million Swiss francs for the construction of various industrial projects.

CZECHOSLOVAK-MADE LIFTS IN MOSCOW

Workers from Transporta Praha-Vysočany have made thirteen Triplex high-speed lifts for the CMEA high-rise building in Moscow, and assembled them on the spot. The Prague factory is the producer of special-purpose and passenger lifts which are exported to the whole world. Lifts bearing the Transporta trade mark are working in factories at Leuna, the GDR, in Mongolia, and a large number of them are in operation in the port of Sygracin. The special suppose life are of Szczecin. The special-purpose lifts are used in gas holders in Hungary and Poland, and in grain silos in Rumania and Yugoslavia.

SUCCESS OF CZECHOSŁOVAK MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS IN USSR

A very successful exhibition of Czechoslovak musical instruments, arranged by the Musicexport Foreign Trade Corporation, ended in Minsk, the capital of the Byelorussian SSR, at the end of April. All 280 exhibits were sold in its course. In the next five years, Musicexport will deliver to the Soviet Union many more musical instruments than it did during the present Five-year Plan.

SUCCESSFUL HORSE AUCTION AT PISEK

As many as 112 horses out of the 115 displayed at the international auction at Pisch on April 11 were sold to buyers from abroad. The auction was attended

tria and Holland. The most-highly prized horse was the sorrel Golf, from the Tlumacov breeding corporation, which was sold to Italy for 3,200 dollars. Another international auction was held at Topolčianky, and one more took place at Pisek towards the end of May.

PUMPING STATION FOR TURKEY

Under a contract concluded by Intersigma Praha, Foreign Trade Corporation, Czechoslovakia will deliver a drinking water pumping station to the Turkish capital of Ankara. The station, which will have four pumps working in pairs, is the first pumping aggregate delivered by Czechoslovakia to this region.

CZECHOSLOVAK POWER PLANT EQUIPMENT TO CUBA

The Škoda Plzeň National Corporation has completed a 64 MW condensing steam turbine for the Nuevitas power plent in Cuba. It is the third turbo-set of this type delivered by the corporation for the power plant. The first two turbines were supplied by Škoda Plzeň in 1964 and 1965.

BANKING AGREEMENT WITH COSTA RICA

The Commercial Bank of Czechoslovakia rne commercial bank of czechoslovania signed a credit agreement with the Banco de Costa Rica at the end of January. According to the terms of the agreement the Czechoslovak banking in agreement the execnosiovar banking institution will extend a credit of three million Johans to Costs Rice to thomas the delivering and transfer and engineering equipment, which will be supplied to this Central Apparies etate by Czecheslovak export American state by Czechoslovak export organizations.

HARES FOR FRANCE

Interloy - a specialized department of Koospol dealing with the export of live game — recently dispatched from the East Bohemian town of Hradec Králové 13 railway wagons with some 8,000 live harcs to France in order to replenish local stocks. The East Bohemian game-keepers also sent a consignment of live hares and pheasants to Italy.

CZECHOSLOVAK MACHINE TOOLS IN SWEDEN

The Czechoslovak-Swedish Tjecko-Svea Company has its headquarters in Köping, a town 160 km west of Stockholm. The company was founded in 1969 and between then and the end of 1973 it sold more than 700 machine tools and forming machines to Swedish customers. The company frequently organizes demonstrations of latest models combined with lectures by Czechoslovak specialists. In addition to business offices, a central warehouse, a consignment store in a customs area and a demonstration hall, the company's premises include an extensive computer controlled warehouse for spare parts and accessories.

ljecko-Svea maintains a network of ten dealers and two special sub-agents; the latter represent TVM Göteborg for single-spindle automats and MEKANA Malmo for tooth-cutting machines. In addition to the dealers, Tjecko-Svea has its own salesmen in individual areas of the country. They concentrate mainly on the safe of heavy Skoda machines and other exacting types. The company also employs three Swedish maintenance and service engineers.

CZECHOSLOVAK FOREIGN TRADE

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Approved For Release 2003/10/22 : CIA-RDP90-Q0596R000800010005-8

VIII. 13 Jun 75

SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA ANNEX

There will be conflict with the powerful Angolan neighbor if a regime in the pay of imperialism and African lackeys establishes itself in Luanda.

The solution, which must be a political one, must take the aspirations of the Cabindan people into account, concludes the paper.

CONGO, ROMANIA TO BROADEN COOPERATION

London REUTER in French 0935 GMT 6 Jun 75 AF--FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

[Text] Brazzaville, June 6, REUTER-Romania will soon deliver tractors, agricultural machines, tools and spare parts to the Congo within the context of its agricultural mechanization program. According to official sources in Brazzaville, this is the result of the recent visit to Romania by a Congolese delegation led by Mr Jacob Okanza, member of the Political Bureau and chairman of the party's planning committee. It is learned from the same sources that a Romanian technical assistance team will also be placed at Congo's disposal.

During its visit to Romania, the delegation signed with that country's authorities a protocol agreement to broaden economic, technical and scientific cooperation between the two countries.

The economic agreement is now being concretized by the creation in the Congo of mixed companies for the exploitation and transformation of timber. In addition to the establishment of a synthetic woven material factor in Brazzaville, the Romanian Government is giving Congo technical and financial assistance for the exploitation of the country's first iron ore deposit at Mount Lekoumou in the south of the country.

CONGO TO ESTABLISH EARTH STATION IN BRAZZAVILLE

London REUTER in French 0946 GMT 10 Jun 75 AF--FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

[Text] Brazzaville, 10 June REUTER -- The minister of posts and telecommunications, Col Yhombi Opango, today left Brazzaville for Paris to meet his French counterpart.

According to official sources, the discussions will center on the cooperation between the two countries in the field of posts and telecommunications.

Since the Congolese Government has chosen the French satellite telecommunications system for the forthcoming establishment of a highly sensitive earth station in Brazzaville, it is believed that the two ministers will discuss the financial problems pertaining to the construction of the station.

TANU COMMITTEE POSTPONES DEVELOPMENT PLAN

London REUTER in English 1008 GMT 9 Jun 75 AF -- FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

[Text] Dar es Salaam, June 9, REUTER--The National Executive Committee of Tanzania's ruling party, TANU, has decided to postpone the implementation of the country's third five year development plan due to what committee members called "the unfavorable economic climate."

The plan, which was to have gone into effect this year, was expected to cost 2,000,000,000 dollars and to center on a long term industrial strategy.

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Cyprus has announced the signing of its first economic and technical cooperation agreement with the USSR. As with other recent Soviet agreements to extend aid to developing countries, the new accord puts no dollar value on the assistance. Moscow will extend long term credits to cover the foreign exchange costs of construction after Soviet technicians have surveyed projects for possible assistance. Projects mentioned include dams and a new airport at Nicosia.

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The agreement points to Makarios' desire to obtain aid wherever he can and Takents probably xet by anticulation Soviet intention to quot concerto political support. The Turkish - Cupriot per our proportionally has been regative.

The indicate continued support for a unified Giprus but without ambreing the Archbishop too closely,

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- 3. BEFORE DEPARTUE FOR UNGA, PRES. MAKARIOS COMMENTED ON AGREEMENT TO BE SIGNED IN MOSCOW AND SAID "THIS AGREEMENT IS VERY GOOD FOR CYPRUS AND WILL HELP OUR EFFORTS FOR ECONOMIC REACTIVATION."
- 4. TURK CYPRIOTS HAVE REACTED UNFAVORABLY. TURK CYPRIOT SPOKES MAN STATED OCTOBER 2 THIS AGREEMENT "CANNOT BE BINDING ON THE TURK CYPRIOT COMMUNITY" AS ONLY GREEK CYPRIOTS WILL BENEFIT FROM IT; THAT AGREEMENT PRESENTS "SOVIET UNION AS PARTY TO AN UNPRECEDENTED DISCRIMINATION IN CYPRUS;" AND THAD "RICH COUNTRIES MUST REFRAIN FROM GIVING SOVIET TYPE OF AID TO ANY ONE OF TWO COMMUNITIES" UNTIL FINAL SETTLEMENT OF CYPRUS PROBLEM REACHED. CRAWFORD

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- 3. BEFORE DEPARTUE FOR UNGA. PRES. MAKARIOS COMMENTED ON AGREEMENT TO BE SIGNED IN MOSCOW AND SAID "THIS AGREEMENT IS VERY GOOD FOR CYPRUS AND WILL HELP OUR EFFORTS FOR ECONOMIC REACTIVATION."
- 4. TURK CYPRIOTS HAVE REACTED UNFAVORABLY. TURK CYPRIOT SPOKES MAN STATED OCTOBER 2 THIS AGREEMENT "CANNOT BE BINDING ON THE TURK CYPRIOT COMMUNITY" AS ONLY GREEK CYPRIOTS WILL BENEFIT FROM IT; THAT AGREEMENT PRESENTS "SOVIET UNION AS PARTY TO AN UNPRECEDENTED DISCRIMINATION IN CYPRUS;" AND THAD "RICH COUNTRIES MUST REFRAIN FROM GIVING SOVIET TYPE OF AID TO ANY ONE OF TWO COMMUNITIES" UNTIL FINAL SETTLEMENT OF CYPRUS PROBLEM REACHED. CRAWFORD

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EASTERN MEDITERRANEAN

REPORTAGE ON VISIT OF CYPRUS MINISTER PATSALIDHIS

Economic, Technical Accord Signed

Mowcow in Greek to Greece 1600 GMT 1 Oct 75 LD

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[Text] An agreement on economic and technical coopeation between the Soviet Government and the Government of the Cyprus Republic was signed at the USSR Council of Ministers State Committee for Foreign Economic Relations.

The signing ceremony was attended by Cypriot Minister of Finance Andreas Patsalidhis; the Cyprus ambassador to the Soviet Union, Dhimos Hadzimilitis; and staff members of the Cyprus Embassy. It was attended on the Soviet side by Semen Skachkov, chairman of the State Committee for Foreign Economic Relations, and by senior committee officials, as well as by representatives of TASS, APN, Soviet radio and television.

The agreement provides for the exchange of specialists and consultants; for industrial and technical training; for the construction of specific projects and enterprises, and the supply of equipment and material for them; for exchange of views between specialists in economy and technology; and for the exchange of patents, licenses and scientifictechnological information.

As pointed out in Article 6, the agreement comes into force on the day of signing and is valid for 10 years. It will be automatically extended for 10 more years if neither side demands its annulment 6 months before the expiry date.

The agreement was signed for the Soviet Government by Semen Skachkov, and for the Cyprus Government by Andreas Patsalidhis.

After the signing, both sides spoke briefly. Andreas Patsalidhis particularly expressed sincere thanks to the Soviet Government for its readiness to help Cyprus during a difficult period. He said the signing of the treaty represents another step in strengthening the friendly relations between the Soviet Union and the Cyprus Republic, steps which serve the interests of both countries and peoples. "We hope the agreement will create stronger cooperation in the economic field, because it expresses the desire of the two sides to develop such economic and technical cooperation," he said.

In conclusion, the Cypriot minister stressed that the agreement on economic and technical cooperation serves to deepen mutual understanding between our peoples, and contributes to the preservation of world peace.

The chairman of the USSR Council of Ministers State Committee on Foreign Economic Relations, Semen Skachkov, said he hoped the agreement will contribute to the creation of an atmosphere of sincere friendship between the peoples of the Soviet Union and Cyprus and to the deepening of the process of detente. He emphasized that economic and technical cooperation between our countries represents a practical application of the letter and spirit of the final act of the European conference signed recently in Helsinki.

"Similarly," Semen Skachkov went on, "the agreement represents the desire of the Soviet Government to give economic and technical assistance, on the basis of mutually advantageous conditions, to the Cyprus Republic, which is passing through a difficult period.

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The purpose of the agreement is to contribute to the allround [word indistinct] and the strengthening of economic life in Cyprus, to the advantage of all the people of the island." From that point of view, it is radically different from the agreements which the Cyprus Republic concludes with capitalist countries and which have completely different aims, particularly the taking away of profits and capital from the country.

"I think that our common duty is to find such specific fields of economic and technical cooperation as would contribute to the development of Cyprus! economy," Semen Skachkov concluded.

Patsalidhis Hails Agreement

Moscow TASS in English 2015 GMT 6 Oct 75 LD

["In the Interest of Further Cooperation"-- TASS headline]

[Text] Nicosia, October 6 TASS--The Cyprus Minister of Finance Andreas Patsalidhis, who stayed in Moscow on the occasion of the signing of a Soviet-Cyprus agreement on economic and technical cooperation, returned home today.

In his statement for the press, the minister emphasised that the new agreement will promote further expansion of economic cooperation and trade exchange between Cyprus and the Soviet Union, will help rehabilitate Cyprus' economy.

One of the most important [word indistinct] of the document is the fact, he said, that economic cooperation of the two countries will be built on the basis of mutual respect for independence, sovereignty, territorial integrity and noninterference into each other affairs.

The minister stressed that the negotiations in Moscow had been held in the spirit of friendship and mutual understanding. In the course of our contacts, he said, we also had a possibility to express our gratitude to the Soviet Union and highly appreciate its stand in the Cyprus question.

Delegation Visits Moldavia

Moscow TASS in English 1918 GMT 3 Oct 75 LD

[Text] Kishinev, October 3, TASS--Having signed in Moscow an agreement on economic and technical cooperation between the USSR and the Republic of Cyprus on [as received] the delegation, led by Finance Minister Andreas Patsalidhis, arrived in Moldavia.

The guests today were received by the Chairman of the Council of Ministers of Moldavia Petr Paskar. He congratulated the members of the delegation on the recent fifteenth anniversary of the Republic of Cyprus and emphasized that all Soviet people warmly support the just struggle of the Cyprus people, aimed at defending independence, sovereignty and integrity of the state.

Delegation Leaves for Home

Moscow TASS in English 1437 GMT 6 Oct 75 LD

[Text] Moscow, October 6 TASS--A Cyprus governmental delegation, led by the Finance Minister Andreas Patsalidhis, left here for home today upon the completion of talks and after signing of an agreement between the governments of the USSR and the Republic of Cyprus on economic and technological cooperation.

EASTERN MEDITERRANEAN

CYPRUS AMBASSADOR THANKS USSR FOR SUPPORT

Moscow TASS in English 2028 GMT 1 Oct 75 LD

[Text] Moscow, October 1 TASS--A meeting was held at the Moscow House of Friendship today devoted to the national holiday of the Republic of Cyprus--independence day. The Ambassador of the Republic of Cyprus to the USSR Dhimos Hatzimilitis expressed gratitude to the Soviet Union for the permanent support of the just struggle of the people of Cyprus.

USSR, CYPRUS SIGN COOPERATION AGREEMENT

Moscow TASS in English 1407 GMT 1 Oct 75 LD

[Text] Moscow, October 1 TASS--A ten-year agreement was signed here today between the governments of the USSR and the Republic of Cyprus on economic and technical cooperation.

This document, said Semen Skachkov, chairman of the USSR State Committee for Foreign Economic Relations at the signing ceremony, confirms USSR's readiness to develop on the basis of mutual benefit economic and technical cooperation between the two countries. The agreement will serve the developments of Cyprus' economy, strengthening of Soviet-Cyprus business-like contacts, said Semen Skachkov, who signed the document on behalf of the Soviet Government. In his opinion, the agreement is concrete realization of the principles which have been written down in the final act of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe.

believe, said Andreas Patsalidhis, Cyprus minister of finance, after signing the ocument, that the agreement will conduce to the development of international mutual understanding and peace throughout the world.

The USSR and Cyprus have long been developing trade relations. They are based on the 1961 trade and payment agreement. The volume of trade is growing. In 1973 it totalled 12.7 million rubles, in 1974 it went up to 19.8 million rubles. The USSR delivers to Cyprus metal-cutting machinetools, trucks and passenger cars, oil and petroleum products, ferrous rolled metals, sawn timber materials. In its turn, Cyprus exports to the USSR copper concentrate, raw hides, fruits, juices.

At the end of May a contract was signed for the deliveries to Cyprus of the Soviet equipment for the construction of two plants to manufacture sulphuric and phosphorous acids. Their products will be used in the manufacture of mineral fertilizers.

The economic and technical cooperation which will be developed in the coming decade, provides for the construction on Cyprus of industrial projects with Soviet assistance, exchange of experience in economics, technology, patents, licenses and scientifictechnical information.

Agreement Welcomed

Moscow TASS in English 0902 GMT 2 Oct 75 LD

[Text] Nicosia, October 2 TASS--Gratification has been expressed here at the news that an agreement on economic and technical cooperation between the USSR and the Cyprus Republic has been signed in Moscow.

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The first press comments underline that the agreement, concluded for a 10-year period, will serve to broaden Soviet-Cyprus cooperation in the future, while at (the same) time it will help speed up the re-building of Cyprus' economy.

News analysts underline that cooperation between the Soviet Union and Cyprus continues to be founded on mutual respect of independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity.

PETROV SCORES ATTEMPTS AT SPLITTING CYPRUS

Moscow IZVESTIYA in Russian 27 Sep 75 Morning Edition p 3 LD

[G. Petrov article: "Obstacles in the Way of a Settlement"]

[Text] The virtual breakdown of the fourth stage of the intra-Cyprus talks, which were to have taken place this time in New York, and the renewed talk of the proclamation of an "independent" Turkish Cypriot state on Cyprus have once again drawn attention to the fate of this island.

It will be no exaggeration to say that from the very moment of its birth the Republic of Cyprus has been the object of endless intrigues by international reaction and, above all, by the NATO military. NATO circles have long been nurturing plans to turn the territory of Cyprus, which occupies an exceptionally important strategic position, into a NATO strong point in the eastern Mediterranean. It was precisely with this aim that repeated attempts were made to subordinate the Republic of Cyprus to NATO's interests, and precisely this aim lies at the basis of the imperialist circles' conspiracies against the sovereignty, integrity and independence of the Cypriot state.

Last year's putsch organized against the legitimate Government of Cyprus and the armed external interference in this country's internal affairs were a link in the chain of these intrigues. The consequences of these actions proved very serious. The island's economic life was disorganized and is being rehabilitated with difficulty. Tens of thousands of Cypriots were forced to leave their homes as a result of the military operations which developed on the island. A huge army of refugees appeared. The situation was complicated by the steps taken unilaterally by the leadership of the Turkish community to set up a detached state formation on that part of the territory of Cyprus controlled by Turkish troops.

To judge from foreign press reports the authors of this plan, which is directly aimed at actually splitting the island and liquidating Cyprus as an independent state, have not stopped at this. As already stated, appeals are being made for the final separation of the "Turkish Cypriot state" and for the proclamation of its "independence." Such a statement was made by R. Denktash, leader of Cyprus' Turkish community, on his arrival in Ankara following the breakdown of the fourth round of intercommunal talks.

This statement and certain specific actions which followed it have aroused a sense of well-founded alarm on Cyprus. It is not merely that these plans fundamentally contradict the UN Security Council decisions aimed at insuring the sovereignty, independence and territorial integrity of Cyprus and the immediate withdrawal of foreign troops and at affording Cypriots themselves the opportunity to resolve questions of their country's internal structure.

The majority of Cypriots saw the arguments about "proclaiming the independence" of a separate Turkish state formation on Cyprus merely as new confirmation that certain circles in the West and their confederates on the island have not only not abandoned their plans for partitioning Cyprus but have also taken one more step toward this goal.

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IZVESTIYA REPORTS BAHRAIN-U.S. BASE CONFLICT

Moscow IZVESTIYA in Russian 1 Oct 75 Morning Edition p 2 LD

["Press service" report: "Rejecting a Dangerous Presence"]

[Text] September 30--Bahrain has officially asked [predlohil] the United States to annul the 1971 agreement granting the former British naval base at Jufair to the U.S. Navy, the Beirut newspaper AL ANWAR reported a few days ago. This report confirms the recent statement by the Bahraini foreign minister to the Iranian newspaper KAYHAN that his country intends to announce a date for the closure of this base. Although Bahrain does not possess large oil reserves in comparison with neighboring states, its strategic position--which enables it to control the Persian Gulf region--has always given it special significance in the plans of U.S. imperialism. The bases at Jufair, on the island of Al Masirah off the coast of Oman and on the island of Diego Garcia in the Indian Ocean should, according to the Pentagon strategists; plans, insure the oil route from the Persian Gulf and serve as a mailed fist in the event of "extraordinary circumstances" unfavorable to the United States arising in this region.

The People of Bahrain and other Arab countries have supported and now support the liquidation of the U.S. military presence on the Bahrain archipelago. During the Arab-Israeli war in October 1973, Bahrain, taking the United States' pro-Israeli stance into consideration informed Washington of the cessation of the agreement's validity. The Pentagon, however, then succeeded in remaining at Jufair. In August this year, the Bahraini National Assembly spoke out against the extension of this agreement.

IVAN ARKHIPOV RECEIVES MOROCCAN AMBASSADOR

Moscow TASS in English 1410 GMT 2 Oct 75 LD

[Text] Moscow, October 2 TASS--Ivan Arkhipov, vice chairman of the USSR Council of Ministers, received in the Kremlin today the ambassador of Morocco to the USSR, Mohamed Sijilmassi, at his request and had a conversation with him.

IRANIAN TRADE OFFICIAL CONCLUDES VISIT

Moscow TASS in English 1900 GMT 2 Oct 75 LD

[Text] Moscow, October 2 TASS--Taher Ziai, president of the Chamber of Commerce, Industries and Mines of Iran flew out of Moscow for Paris today. He stayed here on a business visit. Ziai discussed with Yevgeniy Pitovranov, vice chairman of the Presidium of the USSR Chamber of Industry and Commerce, questions of developing business cooperation. Following their negotiations, they initialled a programme of deepening businesslike contacts for 1976. The two sides agreed to promote the strengthening and expansion of trade and economic contacts. The chambers are planning to promote the holding of symposiums, exhibitions and lectures. They will exchange delegations and information on trade and economic issues.

III. 3 Oct 75 USSR INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS EASTERN MEDITERRANEAN

ECONOMIC PACTS BRING CYPRUS, USSR CLOSER

Moscow TASS in English 1520 GMT 2 Oct 75 LD

[Text] Moscow, October 2 TASS--TASS commentator Dmitriy Markushev writes:

The agreement on economic and technical cooperation signed on Wednesday is evidence of the desire of the Soviet Union and the Republic of Cyprus to develop bilateral economic contacts.

True to the policy of peaceful coexistence, the Soviet Union consistently maintains friendly relations with the Republic of Cyprus and renders it assistance in strengthening political and economic independence. The ten-year agreement on economic and technical cooperation furnishes further evidence of this. The Soviet Union will assist Cyprus in building industrial projects. A contract, signed in May last, and providing for the delivery to Cyprus of equipment for the construction of sulphuric and phosphorous acid plants, can be regarded as a first step in this direction.

The Soviet Union also helps Cyprus in training national personnel. The agreement signed provides for further cooperation in industrial and technical training. An exchange of patents, licences and scientific-technical knowhow is also envisaged.

Trade between the two countries is steadily expanding. Whereas it was 12.7 million rubles worth in 1973, the figure for 1974 was already 19.8 million rubles. The Soviet Union exports to Cyprus road-building machinery, lorries and motorcars, machinetools, rolled ferrous metal and sawn timber.

Cyprus reciprocates by shipping to the USSR staple exports: citrus fruits, raisins, fruit juices, etc.

The Republic of Cyprus is now living through one of the most difficult moments in its history. The artificial dismemberment of the country, the problem of refugees, the economic difficulties, the presence of foreign troops and war bases on the island—these are the conditions in which the people of Cyprus must live and fight.

The Soviet Union has always expressed its willingness to render economic and political support to Cyprus and proves this by deeds. The Soviet Union comes out in defence of the independence and territorial integrity of the wepublic, for the withdrawal of all foreign troops from the island and the settlement of the internal affairs of the state by the two communities themselves.

GREECE WOULD PROFIT IN SOCIALIST STATES TRADE

Moscow PRAVDA in Russian 17 Sep 75 p 5 LD

[Correspondent V. Drobkov dispatch: "Opportunities Being Revealed"]

[Text] Athens--One of the most dangerous items for the future of Greece in the sick legacy left to Greece by the military-dictatorship which became bankrupt a year ago, was the deep crisis into which "black colonels" and generals had led the Greek economy. The 7 years during which the dictators bossed the show for Greece proved to be an almost total subordination of leading sectors of the national economy to a group of international monopolies, unprecedented squandering of state assets and of the country's resources, a trade deficit in excess of \$4.5 billion, and fantastic rates of inflation.

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EASTERN MEDITERRANEAN

GREEK, TURKISH FOREIGN MINISTERS HOLD ROME TALKS

Moscow TASS in English 1648 GMT 17 May 75 LD

[Text] Rome, May 17 TASS--The Foreign Minister of Greece Dhimitrios Bitsios arrived today in the Italian capital for talks with the Foreign Minister of Turkey Ihsan Sabri Caglayangil, who is here since yesterday.

During the Greco-Turkish talks, opening today, to be held alternately at the Rome embassies of the two countries, the ministers will discuss existing differences over the rights to ownership of the continental oil-bearing shelf in the Aegean Sea, the problem of Cyprus, and a complex of problems connected with the Greco-Turkish armed conflict.

The talks will take place without the participation of mediators, it has been indicated here.

The Italian press notes today that the meeting should be followed by other negotiations on May 29-30 in Brussels, where the ministers of the two countries will go to attend a NATO Council session.

Conclude Meeting

Moscow TASS in English 1612 GMT 19 May 75 LD

[Text] Rome May 19 TASS--The three-day talks of the Greek and Turkish foreign ministers have ended here. In particular, the ministers discussed the question of Cyprus and the rights of both countries to utilize the oil-bearing continental shelf in the Aegean Sea.

The talks, says the concluding communique, passed in an atmosphere of good will and mutual desire to overcome the differences between the two countries. The two ministers agreed to meet in Brussels late in May.

CYPRUS, SOVIET UNION EXPAND TRADE, SIGN CONTRACT

Moscow TASS in English 2112 GMT 16 May 75 LD

[Text] Nicosia May 16 TASS--Cyprus's trade and economic relations with the Soviet Union are going ahead. A contract signed one of these days in Nicosia between the Soviet foreign trade association Techmashexport and a large Cypriot company, Hellenkik Mining Company provides that the Soviet Union will supply equipment for two sulphur and phosphorous acid plants necessary for mineral fertilizer production and other purposes. It is noted here that the project, once it starts off, will mark the beginning of heavy industry in Cyprus.

Recently the Soviet Union delivered six self-propelled portal cranes for the seaport in Limassol. With the assistance of Soviet experts the erection of equipment at a plant owned by Vasiliy Ko Cement [as received] is now almost at an end. In turn, Cypriot business circles show interest in wider-scale deliveries to the Soviet Union of traditional Cypriot export items.

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SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA

USSR, GUINEA-BISSAU SIGN CULTURAL COOPERATION PROTOCOL

Mascaw TASS in English 1646 GMT 19 May 75 LD

[Text] Bissau, May 19 TASS--A ceremony to sign a protocol on cultural cooperation between the Soviet Union and the Republic of Guinea-Bissau for 1975 took place here. The protocol, signed in accordance with an earlier concluded agreement on scientific and cultural cooperation between the two countries, provides for the granting of scholarships for Guineans to study in higher and secondary specialised educational establishments of the Soviet Union, for an exchange of delegations of workers in the fields of culture, arts and literature, women's and youth delegations, and radio programmes. In keeping with the protocol, a week of Soviet films and an exhibition devoted to the 30th anniversary of the Soviet people's victory in the Great Patriotic war will be held in Guinea-Bissau.

The realisation of the arrangements provided for by the protocol, Mario Cabral, assistant to the chief commissioner of state for education and culture, said at the ceremony, will enable the Soviet and Guinean peoples to get to know better life and achievements of each other and will promote a further strengthening of the relations of friendship and cooperation existing between the Soviet Union and the Republic of Guinea-Bissau.

CHAD MILITARY COUNCIL OFFERS EMPLOYEES CHANCE TO APPRAL

Moscow TASS in English 1031 GMT 16 May 75 LD

[Text] Bangi, May 16 TASS--Chad's Supreme Military Council is taking measures to correct the injustices and arbitrariness of the Tombalbaye regime that was overthrown more than a month ago.

In particular, the Supreme Military Council offered all government employees who were wrongly dismissed or suspended from work during the past 3 years to appeal the decisions of the former regime's administration to a commission that has been specially set up for the purpose.

The Head of State General F. Malldum has also signed a decree providing for the recertification of government employees who were in Tombalbaye's service. This decree applies mostly to policemen.

SALISBURY'S ALLEGATIONS OF TERROR

Moscow in English to Africa 1830 GMT 19 May 75 LD

Aleksandr Federov commentary

[Text] There seems to be a very strange legic in the actions of the authorities in Salisbury. Before each political campaign, they as a rule tell frightening stories about the terrorism of the guerrillas and that is immediately followed with boastful statements about the peace-making gestures of the Smith cabinet. Just recently, a spekesman of the cabinet again mentioned an alleged campaign of terror, assassinations, fires, attacks and intimidations on the part of the guerrillas. The only concrete thing about these charges was the statement that all this is happening in so-called certain remote African villages, and hardly anyone is likely to check up on these facts and even on the figures that were cited.